Dark Adventure Radio Theatre

The Players

Leslie Baldwin Augusta Corlear Sean Branney Detective Malone, Captain Falmouth Kacey Camp. Myrna, Old Woman Dan Conroy Erskine Blackwell Mike DalagerLoathsome Immigrant, Bourgos' Brother, Asif, High Priest Lucas Dixon......Agent Sutter, First Mate Pimm Matt Foyer..... Second Mate Morgan, Asif Andrew Leman Maurice VanBrunt, Policeman, Dr. Colson Jacob Andrew Lyle......Jimmy the Snitch, Vile Foreigner, Horrible Child Barry Lynch......Sarae McKenna, Robert Suydam John A. McKenna John, Capt. O'Hara, Wild Bill Lovett Kevin Stidham Dr. Peterson, Officer Perkins Josh Thoemke......Announcer

Cultists Tamara Hembree, Ruth Horne, TK Jusola-Sanders, Umberto Lenzi, Tobias Nilsson, James Vincent and Tom Woodger

The Staff

Based on the story by H. P. Lovecraft Radio Adaptation by Sean Branney and Andrew Leman Original Music by Troy Sterling Nies "Bub-L-Pep" jingle written by Andrew Leman, arranged and performed by Harald Lindell and Kathleen Demarest Audio Engineering by Daniel McMains Engineering Assistance by Adam Pardee Cover and Disc Illustrations by Darrell Tutchton Prop Inserts by Andrew Leman and Sean Branney

Produced by Sean Branney and Andrew Leman



'Age-old horror is a hydra with a thousand heads.



Illustration by Jon Arfstrom from the March, 1952 publication of "The Horror in Red Hook" in Weird Tales. Used by kind permission of the artist.

But first, a few words from our sponsor....

one at that — and we thought that alone could make it climax of the horror occurs as the corpse of Robert Suya compelling candidate for adaptation to Dark Adventure dam is about to be married to this succubus. This overt Radio Theatre. With its decayed urban landscape, its lurid depiction of female sexuality is unique in his work, and plot, and its host of nefarious characters, it seemed to us the fact that it was written immediately following his septhere was plenty great entertainment to be had, even if aration from the only woman with whom, presumably, he the story's literary merits might be lacking.

which to look at Lovecraft himself during one of the most rage as he wrote "The Horror at Red Hook." interesting chapters of his life. In the spring of 1924, The story centers around Yezidi "devil worshippers" Lovecraft suddenly moved to New York and married So- who chant quite a number of memorable occult spells. nia Haft Greene, a Jewish milliner and businesswoman. One of those spells was lifted verbatim by Lovecraft from with whom he'd been exchanging correspondence for the Encuclopedia Britannica, and the "occult" stuff in the some time. Lovecraft's move to New York was perhaps the story is a jumbled conflation of Greek, Jewish, Chrisgreatest upheaval of his entire life. Having left behind tian, and secular literary traditions all bound together his beloved Providence, he found himself living in Brook- with Middle-Eastern phobia. The actual Yezidis are an lyn, a borough of New York occupied by immigrants from ancient people who have been catastrophically misunaround the globe. By all accounts, he generally disliked derstood and villainized throughout history, and who are New York and acutely disliked its international popula- even now being brutally persecuted by some very real tion. He believed it was incumbent upon immigrants to and inarguably evil villains; the "Islamic State," learn the customs and language of their new homeland, and was unsettled and offended by those who continued ism, nor attempt to whitewash HPL's attitudes, no matto speak their native languages.

But for all his vitriolic racism, in many ways it was let our audiences experience the kind of entertainment HPL himself who was the immigrant — leaving behind which might have been on the airwaves had HPL been his home "country" of Providence, and living in a com- writing for the radio. The world of the 1930s, like this munity where he was more of an outsider by being a New story, offered much to like, and much which horrifies us England gentleman than the countless immigrants who beyond monsters and demons. surrounded him. "The Horror at Red Hook" was written in August of 1925. By that time, HPL was living alone in a dismal flat and had suffered a burglary. After less than a year and a half of marriage, his wife had moved to Cincinnati to pursue business opportunities. He was a stranger in a strange land, isolated and miserable.

But the story is not all racism. There's also misogyny. The notably rare appearances of women in Lovecraft's

"The Horror at Red Hook" is one of HPL's most ma- fiction include the doomed albino Lavinia Whately ligned stories. Modern readers tend to find the story's fla- in "The Dunwich Horror" and the doomed occultist grant racism repulsive, and hate to see such an ugly fault Asenath Waite in "The Thing on the Doorstep." Here, in in one of our literary heroes. The story itself is not HPL's Lovecraft's only depiction of a female with power, she most original or best executed. Esteemed Lovecraft is the antagonist — and a naked, tittering one at that scholar S.T. Joshi refers to it as "one of the poorest of his Lilith, Nowhere else in HPL's work does there appear a longer efforts," and laments the story's "perfervid rheto- naked woman, and here he makes multiple references to ric." Even Lovecraft himself didn't think it was very good, her unclothed phosphorescent form. Further, she is pre-But it is, at heart, a detective story — and a rather pulpy sented as a demon, feasting on the souls of men, and the ever had sexual relations suggests that there were some "The Horror at Red Hook" is a fascinating lens through acute issues there which erupted along with his racist

In adapting this story we make no apologies for its racter how much they may break our hearts. Our goal is to

-SB & AHL



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AND FREQUENTLY BROKEN, LAW, THIS AUDIO PROGRAM IS LICENSED ONLY FOR PRIVATE HOME ENJOYMENT, AND IS, PERHAPS IRONICALLY, NOT INTENDED FOR